

2013 AMC 12B

Time limit: 75 minutes

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1. On a particular January day, the high temperature in Lincoln, Nebraska, was 16 degrees higher than the low temperature, and the average of the high and low temperatures was 3° . In degrees, what was the low temperature in Lincoln that day?

A -13

B -8

C -5

D -3

E 11

2. Mr. Green measures his rectangular garden by walking two of the sides and finds that it is 15 steps by 20 steps. Each of Mr. Green's steps is 2 feet long. Mr. Green expects a half a pound of potatoes per square foot from his garden. How many pounds of potatoes does Mr. Green expect from his garden?

A 600

B 800

C 1000

D 1200

E 1400

3. When counting from 3 to 201, 53 is the 51st number counted. When counting backwards from 201 to 3, 53 is the n th number counted. What is n ?

A 146

B 147

C 148

D 149

E 150

4. Ray's car averages 40 miles per gallon of gasoline, and Tom's car averages 10 miles per gallon of gasoline. Ray and Tom each drive the same number of miles. What is the cars' combined rate of miles per gallon of gasoline?

A 10

B 16

C 25

D 30

E 40

5. The average age of 33 fifth-graders is 11. The average age of 55 of their parents is 33. What is the average age of all of these parents and fifth-graders?

A 22

B 23.25

C 24.75

D 26.25

E 28

6. Real numbers x and y satisfy the equation $x^2 + y^2 = 10x - 6y - 34$. What is $x + y$?

A 1

B 2

C 3

D 6

E 8

7. Jo and Blair take turns counting from 1 to one more than the last number said by the other person. Jo starts by saying "1", so Blair follows by saying "1, 2". Jo then says "1, 2, 3", and so on. What is the 53rd number said?

A 2

B 3

C 5

D 6

E 8

8. Line ℓ_1 has equation $3x - 2y = 1$ and goes through $A = (-1, -2)$. Line ℓ_2 has equation $y = 1$ and meets line ℓ_1 at point B . Line ℓ_3 has positive slope, goes through point A , and meets ℓ_2 at point C . The area of $\triangle ABC$ is 3. What is the slope of ℓ_3 ?

A $\frac{2}{3}$

B $\frac{3}{4}$

C 1

D $\frac{4}{3}$

E $\frac{3}{2}$

9. What is the sum of the exponents of the prime factors of the square root of the largest perfect square that divides $12!$?

A 5

B 7

C 8

D 10

E 12

10. Alex has 75 red tokens and 75 blue tokens. There is a booth where Alex can give two red tokens and receive in return a silver token and a blue token, and another booth where Alex can give three blue tokens and receive in return a silver token and a red token. Alex continues to exchange tokens until no more exchanges are possible. How many silver tokens will Alex have at the end?

A 62

B 82

C 83

D 102

E 103

11. Two bees start at the same spot and fly at the same rate in the following directions. Bee *A* travels 1 foot north, then 1 foot east, then 1 foot upwards, and then continues to repeat this pattern. Bee *B* travels 1 foot south, then 1 foot west, and then continues to repeat this pattern. In what directions are the bees traveling when they are exactly 10 feet away from each other?

A *A* east, *B* west

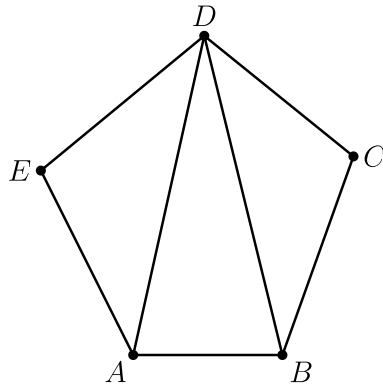
B *A* north, *B* south

C *A* north, *B* west

D *A* up, *B* south

E *A* up, *B* west

12. Cities A, B, C, D , and E are connected by roads AB, AD, AE, BC, BD, CD , and DE . How many different routes are there from A to B that use each road exactly once? (Such a route will necessarily visit some cities more than once.)



- | | |
|---|----|
| A | 7 |
| B | 9 |
| C | 12 |
| D | 16 |
| E | 18 |

13. The internal angles of quadrilateral $ABCD$ form an arithmetic progression. Triangles ABD and DCB are similar with $\angle DBA = \angle DCB$ and $\angle ADB = \angle CBD$. Moreover, the angles in each of these two triangles also form an arithmetic progression. In degrees, what is the largest possible sum of the two largest angles of $ABCD$?

A 210

B 220

C 230

D 240

E 250

14. Two non-decreasing sequences of nonnegative integers have different first terms. Each sequence has the property that each term beginning with the third is the sum of the previous two terms, and the seventh term of each sequence is N . What is the smallest possible value of N ?

A 55

B 89

C 104

D 144

E 273

15. The number 2013 is expressed in the form

$$2013 = \frac{a_1! a_2! \cdots a_m!}{b_1! b_2! \cdots b_n!},$$

where $a_1 \geq a_2 \geq \cdots \geq a_m$ and $b_1 \geq b_2 \geq \cdots \geq b_n$ are positive integers and $a_1 + b_1$ is as small as possible. What is $|a_1 - b_1|$?

A 1

B 2

C 3

D 4

E 5

16. Let $ABCDE$ be an equiangular convex pentagon of perimeter 1. The pairwise intersections of the lines that extend the sides of the pentagon determine a five-pointed star polygon. Let s be the perimeter of this star. What is the difference between the maximum and the minimum possible values of s ?

A 0

B $\frac{1}{2}$

C $\frac{\sqrt{5} - 1}{2}$

D $\frac{\sqrt{5} + 1}{2}$

E $\sqrt{5}$

17. Let a , b , and c be real numbers such that

$$a + b + c = 2$$

and

$$a^2 + b^2 + c^2 = 12.$$

What is the difference between the maximum and minimum possible values of c ?

- A 2
- B $\frac{10}{3}$
- C 4
- D $\frac{16}{3}$
- E $\frac{20}{3}$

18. Barbara and Jenna play the following game, in which they take turns. A number of coins lie on a table. When it is Barbara's turn, she must remove 2 or 4 coins, unless only one coin remains, in which case she loses her turn. When it is Jenna's turn, she must remove 1 or 3 coins. A coin flip determines who goes first. Whoever removes the last coin wins the game. Assume both players use their best strategy. Who will win when the game starts with 2013 coins and when the game starts with 2014 coins?

- A Barbara will win with 2013 coins, and Jenna will win with 2014 coins.
- B Jenna will win with 2013 coins, and whoever goes first will win with 2014 coins.
- C Barbara will win with 2013 coins, and whoever goes second will win with 2014 coins.
- D Jenna will win with 2013 coins, and Barbara will win with 2014 coins.
- E Whoever goes first will win with 2013 coins, and whoever goes second will win with 2014 coins.

19. In triangle ABC , $AB = 13$, $BC = 14$, and $CA = 15$. Distinct points D , E , and F lie on segments BC , CA , and DE , respectively, such that $AD \perp BC$, $DE \perp AC$, and $AF \perp BF$. The length of segment DF can be written as $\frac{m}{n}$, where m and n are relatively prime positive integers. What is $m + n$?

- A 18
- B 21
- C 24
- D 27
- E 30

20. For $135^\circ < x < 180^\circ$, points $P = (\cos x, \cos^2 x)$, $Q = (\cot x, \cot^2 x)$, $R = (\sin x, \sin^2 x)$, and $S = (\tan x, \tan^2 x)$ are the vertices of a trapezoid. What is $\sin(2x)$?

A $2 - 2\sqrt{2}$

B $3\sqrt{3} - 6$

C $3\sqrt{2} - 5$

D $-\frac{3}{4}$

E $1 - \sqrt{3}$

21. Consider the set of 30 parabolas defined as follows: all parabolas have as focus the point $(0, 0)$ and the directrix lines have the form $y = ax + b$ with a and b integers such that $a \in \{-2, -1, 0, 1, 2\}$ and $b \in \{-3, -2, -1, 1, 2, 3\}$. No three of these parabolas have a common point. How many points in the plane are on two of these parabolas?

A 720

B 760

C 810

D 840

E 870

22. Let $m > 1$ and $n > 1$ be integers. Suppose that the product of the solutions for x of the equation

$$8(\log_n x)(\log_m x) - 7\log_n x - 6\log_m x - 2013 = 0$$

is the smallest possible integer. What is $m + n$?

- A 12
- B 20
- C 24
- D 48
- E 272

23. Bernardo chooses a three-digit positive integer N and writes both its base-5 and base-6 representations on a blackboard. Later LeRoy sees the two numbers Bernardo has written. Treating the two numbers as base-10 integers, he adds them to obtain an integer S . For example, if $N = 749$, Bernardo writes the numbers 10,444 and 3,245, and LeRoy obtains the sum $S = 13,689$. For how many choices of N are the two rightmost digits of S , in order, the same as those of $2N$?

- A 5
- B 10
- C 15
- D 20
- E 25

24. Let ABC be a triangle where M is the midpoint of AC , and CN is the angle bisector of $\angle ACB$ with N on AB . Let X be the intersection of the median BM and the bisector CN . In addition $\triangle BXN$ is equilateral and $AC = 2$. What is BN^2 ?

- A $\frac{10 - 6\sqrt{2}}{7}$
- B $\frac{2}{9}$
- C $\frac{5\sqrt{2} - 3\sqrt{3}}{8}$
- D $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{6}$
- E $\frac{3\sqrt{3} - 4}{5}$

25. Let G be the set of polynomials of the form

$$P(z) = z^n + c_{n-1}z^{n-1} + \dots + c_2z^2 + c_1z + 50,$$

where $c_1, c_2, \dots, c_{n-1}$ are integers and $P(z)$ has n distinct roots of the form $a + ib$ with a and b integers. How many polynomials are in G ?

- A 288
- B 528
- C 576
- D 992
- E 1056

Solutions: <https://live.poshenloh.com/past-contests/amc12/2013B/solutions>

